MSDC response to Action Point AP-009

Council to review Table 9 of the Council's Hearing Statement to Matter 1 Question 20 to determine whether it covers all references to other guidance, studies and standards erroneously set out within the policies of the Plan and whether they remain relevant in the context of the new emerging Plan.

- 1. The Council acknowledges that, in some cases, extant and future studies, such as supplementary planning guidance, and other standards are referenced within proposed Policies. Whilst in most cases the Council does not believe they erroneously elevate such documents to development plan status, the Council suggests a number of recommendations which could rectify this if there is a concern.
- 2. The Council suggested a number of amendments in its response to MIQ20, these are set out in Table 1 below, highlighted in Blue. In addition, following discussion at the Stage 1 hearing sessions further amendments are suggested to other policies and text in the Plan. These additional items are set out in Table 1, highlighted in Green. Additional text is shown by underlines and removed text is shown by strikethrough.
- 3. The Council is of the view that there are some exceptions to this approach as set out below.

Policy DPC4: High Weald Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

- 4. It is the Council's view that reference to the High Weald AONB Management Plan is required in Policy DPC4 so that the Council can fulfil its statutory duties in relation to AONBs.
- 5. An Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) is an area of land protected by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 ("the CROW Act") for its outstanding natural beauty. The statutory purpose of the landscape designation is to conserve and enhance the natural beauty of the area, and AONBs have the highest status of protection nationally in relation to landscape and scenic beauty (NPPF, September 2023, paragraph 176).
- 6. Section 85 of the CROW Act (as amended) places a statutory duty on all relevant authorities, including a local authority such as Mid Sussex District Council, that in exercising or performing any functions in relation to, or so as to affect, land in an AONB, they must seek to further the purpose of conserving and enhancing the natural beauty of the AONB.
- 7. Section 84 of the CROW Act confirms the powers of local planning authorities to take all such action as appears to them expedient for the accomplishment of the purpose of conserving and enhancing the natural beauty of an AONB.
- 8. Section 89 of the CROW Act creates a statutory duty on local authorities with land in an AONB to prepare and publish an up-to-date plan which formulates their policy for the

management of the area and for the carrying out of their functions in relation to it.

- 9. Where AONBs cross administrative boundaries, local authorities are required to act jointly to prepare the plan. In the High Weald, this requirement is delivered through the High Weald Joint Advisory Committee (JAC), a partnership which includes 15 local authorities covering the area together with community, environment and land-based sector representatives. Following a formal consultation process, the High Weald JAC recommends the Plan to individual local authorities who then each adopt the Plan as their policy for the management of the AONB. The Plan is reviewed every five years.
- 10. The High Weald AONB Management Plan is the policy for looking after the High Weald AONB in order to achieve the statutory purpose of conserving and enhancing the High Weald AONB. The Management Plan covers a range of local authority functions, and in particular it can be used to guide environmental land management and climate change strategies. The Management Plan is a material consideration in the planning process, including plan-making, site allocations and assessing the impact of development proposals or other changes on the High Weald AONB.
- 11. The High Weald AONB Management Plan 2024-2029 includes an action for public bodies to reference the Management Plan in planning documents and ensure its use as a material consideration [ENV5, page 27].

Character Component: Settlement

Actions

Public bodies should ...

g. Ensure there is a reference to the AONB Management Plan and to the AONB Housing Design Guide in local plans, neighbourhood plans and other public documents, and ensure its use as a material consideration in planning decisions, planning policy, site allocations and development management.

- 12. As 15 local authorities have worked together in partnership to produce the High Weald AONB Management Plan, it is also intended that there is a consistent approach to planning policy in the High Weald. All the local authorities with land in the High Weald AONB include references to the High Weald AONB Management Plan in their development plan and include a specific policy on the High Weald AONB. With the exception of two local authorities (with a Core Strategy adopted in 2007 and 2008), all district and borough councils make reference to the High Weald AONB Management Plan in the planning policy itself (the equivalent of Policy DPC4). For this reason, the Council is of the view that this reference to the High Weald AONB Management Plan should be retained in Policy DPC4 for consistency and to reflect a partnership approach across the High Weald AONB.
- 13. Reference to the High Weald AONB Management Plan is already included in adopted planning policy for Mid Sussex District (Policy DP16 of the Adopted District Plan) and the adopted local plans of other local authorities (the most recently adopted was Crawley Borough Council's Local Plan in October 2024) and as such, it is a supported position by the Planning Inspectorate. The Submission version of Policy DPC4 with the proposed

modifications is also supported by the High Weald National Landscape Partnership.

14. Furthermore, it is considered that reference to the High Weald AONB Management Plan provides clarity to applicants as to how they should consider the High Weald AONB in development proposals by providing a framework for assessment. It is a transparent and accessible means by which applicants can demonstrate they have sought to conserve and enhance the AONB. This means that the policy is effective as well as being consistent with national policy.

Policy DPC5: Setting of the South Downs National Park

- 15. For similar reasons, it is the Council's view that references to the South Downs Partnership Management Plan and South Downs Local Plan are required in Policy DPC5 so that the Council can fulfil its statutory duties in relation to National Parks.
- 16. Section 11A of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 (as amended) provides a duty for relevant authorities, including a local authority such as Mid Sussex District Council, that in exercising or performing any functions in relation to, or so as to affect, land in any National Park in England, they must seek to further the purpose for which National Parks were designated.
- 17. The South Downs Partnership Management Plan is the single most important document for the National Park as it sets the overarching five-year strategy for the management of the National Park. The current South Downs Local Plan (adopted 2019) builds on the framework of the Partnership Management Plan.
- 18. Neighbouring authorities have also included references to the South Downs Partnership Management Plan and the South Downs Local Plan in their emerging planning policies and so there is a developing consistent approach to consideration of the setting of the South Downs National Park.
- 19. The Submission version of Policy DPC5 with the proposed modifications is also supported by the South Downs National Park Authority.

Policy DPS5: Water Neutrality

- 20. As explained in the supporting text of Policy DPS5, to protect the Arun Valley nature conservation sites and to provide certainty that development will not have an adverse effect on the Arun Valley sites, the most feasible approach is for development within the Water Resource Zone (WRZ) to demonstrate that it is water neutral. This means that all development, within the WRZ, will need to be designed to achieve water efficiency standards above the requirements set out by the optional requirements in Building Regulations.
- 21. This is a joint local authority approach across six local planning authority areas who are all seeking to adopt an identical model policy on this subject. The policy approach has recently been tested and found sound, subject to Main Modifications, at the Crawley Borough Council Local Plan Examination [<u>O8</u>].

TABLE 1: Suggested amendments to submitted Plan

Policy Reference	Comment/change
Chapter 1 3. Adoption	 Mid Sussex Development Plan
	 Upon adoption the District Plan 2021 – 2039, the Development Plan for Mid Sussex will contain the following: Mid Sussex District Plan 2021 – 2039 Supplementary Planning Documents – full list available at www.midsussex.gov.uk/SPDS Made Neighbourhood Plans – full list West Sussex Development Plan (2014) (adopted by the County Council
	Supporting Guidance Documents The Plan is supported by a number of Supplementary Planning Documents that provide more detailed guidance on how the policy should be interpreted and applied. The full list of these guidance documents is available at www.,midsussex.gov.uk.
DPS1 Climate Change	 Reducing carbon emissions Development will be required to demonstrate that measures have been taken to reduce carbon emissions, including improvements in energy efficiency and in the design and construction of buildings. This includes new buildings and the conversions of existing buildings. Detailed requirements are set out in Policies DPS2: Sustainable Design and Construction and, DPS3: Renewable and Low Carbon Energy Schemes, and the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD.
	2

Supporting text to	Policy DPS1 is an overarching policy that sets out principles that development should adopt to tackle climate change
DPS1	
DPST	issues and it signposts to other more detailed policies in the Plan. <u>Further guidance can also be found in the Mid Sussex</u>
	Design Guide SPD.
DPS2 –	All development must submit a proportionate Sustainability Statement to demonstrate how through its design,
Sustainable	construction, operation and use it will contribute to the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, increase resilience to
Design and	the impacts of climate change and improve sustainability. and includes incorporation of measures set out at Principle
Construction	DG37 of the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD
	Water resources and water efficiency
	New development proposals must accord with the findings of the Gatwick Sub Region Water Cycle Study with respect
	to water resources, water quality, water supply and wastewater treatment.
	All residential new build: Development must meet a maximum water consumption
	New development must be designed with adequate and easily accessible storage space that supports separate
	collection of dry recyclables and food waste. as well as residual waste taking account of guidance in the Mid Sussex
	Design Guide SPD.
DPS3 – Renewable	Solar energy
and low carbon	
energy schemes	Taking account of the Mid Sussex Sustainable Energy Study (2014) Figure A.8, The Council will support proposals for solar energy generation providing they are in conformity with this policy and other policies in the District Plan. For standalone solar
	panel arrays and associated grid connection, it is expected that applications must address all of the following:
	parter arrays and associated grid connection, it is expected that applications must address an of the following.
	Wind energy
	The Council will support wind energy development proposals and associated grid connections, where they lie within an area
	potentially suitable for this type of development. , including as shown in Mid Sussex Sustainable Energy Study (2014) Figure
	A.1.
	Applicants must clearly demonstrate that adverse impacts, including cumulative impacts

	 13. Framework Directive Compliance Assessment and evidence of discussions with the Environment Agency around requirements. 14. Taking account of the Mid Sussex Sustainable Energy Study (2014) Figure A.8, c Consideration must be given to the location, siting and design of the scheme, ensuring that there are no significant individual or cumulative adverse impacts on the environment and amenity. In all cases mitigation will be required to protect river flow, river continuity for fish and provide for sediment transfer. 17. Make use of ambient or secondary heat sources¹³ (in conjunction with heat pumps where required). 18. Demonstrate compliance with appropriate technical standards. (currently 'CIBSE's Heat Networks Code of Practice for the UK)
DPS4 Flood Risk and Sustainable Drainage	The Council proposed modification proposed M19 to include reference to Mid Sussex Design Guide. No longer pursuing this change. Policy to remain as submitted.
DPN1 – Biodiversity, Geodiversity and Nature Recovery	Development must incorporate biodiversity features ¹⁴ and such biodiversity features must include appropriate long- term management arrangements where relevant. <u>The Council will provide further guidance on recommended</u> standards for biodiversity features within developments.
DPN2 – BNG	Further guidance -

	The Council will publish further guidance on implementing and delivering biodiversity net gain on its website and
	development proposals will need to take this into account. This guidance will be reviewed periodically to ensure it
	reflects best practice, local priorities and opportunities.
DPN4 – Trees,	provided to justify why works are necessary.
Woodland and	
Hedgerows	Proposals for work to trees or proposals affecting trees will need to be in accordance with the relevant British
	Standards. For example, BS 3998:2010 Tree work – Recommendations and BS 5837:2012 Trees in relation to design,
	demolition and construction – Recommendations (or as updated).
	The felling of protected
DPN6 – Pollution	Management Plan identifying how general and site-specific risks will be managed to avoid environmental harm.
	Development proposals will need to take into account the Council's published guidance ¹⁵ .
Supporting text to	land. This policy also makes clear that mitigation measures may be necessary for development likely to increase
DPN6	levels of pollution.
21110	The Council will publish detailed guidance on its website and development proposals will need to take this into account. (<u>ADD footnote to SPD page)</u> .
DPN7 – Noise	If required by the local planning authority, the applicant will be required to provide:
Impacts	a. An assessment of the impact of noise generated by a proposed development; or
	b. An assessment of the effect of noise by an existing noise source upon a proposed development.
	Development proposals will need to take into account the Council's noise guidance such as the Planning Noise Advice Document: Sussex.

DPN8 – Light	The Council proposed modification proposed M41 to include reference to Mid Sussex Design Guide. No longer pursuing
Impacts and Dark	this change. Therefore the submitted policy would be amended as follows:
Skies	5. There would not be an adverse impact on wildlife such as through consideration of the appropriate siting, fitting,
	design, colour and temperature of lighting.
	6. Aerodrome Safeguarding Requirements have been met and that there will be no impact on air safety.
	Development proposals will need to take into account the Institute of Lighting Professionals guidance and other
	relevant guidance.
	The use of active and sustainable travel measures and green infrastructure to reduce pollution concentrations and
	exposure is encouraged.
	Development proposals will need to take into account the Council's air quality guidance.
	The Council will require applicants to demonstrate that there is not an unacceptable impact on air quality. The
	development must minimise any air quality impacts, including cumulative impacts from committed developments,
	both during the construction process and lifetime of the completed development, either through a redesign of the
	development proposal or, where this is not possible or sufficient, through appropriate mitigation.
DPN9 – Air Quality	Where sensitive development is proposed in areas of existing poor air quality and/or where major development is
	proposed, including the development types set out in the Council's current guidance (Air Quality and Emissions
	Mitigation Guidance for Sussex (2021 or as updated)) an air quality assessment will be required.
	Mitigation measures will need to demonstrate how the proposal would make a positive contribution towards the aims of
	the Council's Air Quality Action Plan where it is relevant and be consistent with the Council's current guidance as stated
	above.
	Mitigation measures will be secured either through a negotiation on a scheme, or via the use of planning condition
	and/or planning obligation depending on the scale and nature of the development and its associated impacts on air
	quality.
DPC1 – Protection	higher quality.
and Enhancement	Development proposals will need to demonstrate they are informed by landscape character. The Mid Sussex
of the Countryside	Landscape Character Assessment, the West Sussex County Council Strategy for the West Sussex Landscape, the
	Capacity of Mid Sussex District to Accommodate Development Study and other available landscape evidence
	(including that specific to the High Weald AONB and that gathered to support Neighbourhood Plans) will be used to
	assess the impact of development proposals on the rural and landscape character.

	Major applications
Supporting text for DPC1	 This is land which is most flexible, productive and efficient and can best deliver future crops and pasture for food and non-food uses. Development proposals will need to demonstrate they are informed by landscape character. The Mid Sussex Landscape Character Assessment, the West Sussex County Council Strategy for the West Sussex Landscape, the Capacity of Mid Sussex District to Accommodate Development Study and other available landscape evidence (including that specific to the High Weald AONB and that gathered to support Neighbourhood Plans) will be used to assess the impact of development proposals on the rural and landscape character. Minerals are a finite resource and can only be worked where they are found. Therefore, it is important to use them in the most efficient manner to secure their long-term conservation
DPC4 – High Weald AONB	The policy refers to High Weald AONB Management Plan, which has been adopted by the Council as a material consideration. Given its status as a statutory document, reference to it in the policy is retained. However, the following change is suggested: High Weald AONB Management Plan. New housing development within or affecting the setting of the AONB should take account of the High Weald Housing Design Guide and High Weald Colour Study including applying a landscape-led design approach that reflects High Weald character; responding to the historic pattern and character of settlements in the form, layout, grain and massing of development; and using high quality architecture. Proposals which support the land-based economy and social wellbeing of local communities within the AONB that are compatible with the conservation and enhancement of natural beauty will be supported.
DPC5 – Setting of the SDNP	The policy refers to South Downs Partnership Management Plan. Given its status as a statutory document, reference to it in the policy is retained. However, the following change is suggested: Assessment of such development proposals will have regard to the South Downs Partnership Management Plan <u>and</u> South Downs Local Plan. and other adopted planning documents and strategies. Development proposals should

DPB1 – Character and Design DPB2: Listed	All new development must be designed in accordance with the Mid Sussex Design Guide Supplementary Planning Document (SPD). All new development must to enhance or better reveal their significance.
Buildings and Other Heritage Assets	Proposals affecting such heritage assets will be considered in accordance with the policies in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and current Government guidance. Proposed development
DPT1 – Placemaking and Connectivity	 Development must provide appropriate infrastructure to support the vision and objectives of the West Sussex Transport Plan 2022 – 2036 and meet the requirements of the NPPF. To meet these objectives: Development that is Supporting desirable opportunities for people to choose not to travel by car. Development must integrate relevant requirements of Chapter 4 of the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD and be designed to prioritise sustainable and active modes of travel and define a clear street hierarchy, providing safe and convenient routes for walking, wheeling and cycling through the development and linking with existing and enhanced networks beyond, including schemes identified in Local Cycling & Walking Infrastructure Plans, before the highway layout is planned.
DPT3 – Active Travel	 and changing facilities. 5. Providing appropriate levels of cycle parking facilities (taking account of WSCC Guidance on Parking at New Developments 2020 and subsequent iterations), well designed and laid out to be under cover, secure, conveniently located and easily accessible, close to the main entrance of the premises. and in accordance with the guidance in the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD. 6. Providing or contributing towards delivery of service and infrastructure improvements., in accordance with the West Sussex Bus Service Improvement Plan (BSIP) or subsequent documents

Supporting text to DPT3	 cyclists, equestrians, persons of reduced mobility and micro-mobility solutions, focusing on the majority of journeys which are short distance to increase the use of active travel modes accessible for all. <u>Development should provide appropriate levels of cycle parking facilities (taking account of WSCC Guidance on Parking at New Developments 2020 as set out in Appendix xxxxxx), well designed and laid out to be under cover, secure, conveniently located and easily accessible, close to the main entrance of the premises. and in accordance with the guidance in the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD.</u> <u>Development should provide or contribute towards delivery of service and infrastructure improvements, in accordance with the West Sussex Bus Service Improvement Plan (BSIP) or subsequent documents</u> Developments of a sufficient scale to warrant consideration during the application process by the statutory consultee, Active
DPT4 – Parking	 Travel England (ATE), are strongly advised to consult with Development must provide: Adequate and well-integrated car parking, taking account of the guidance in the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD and the WSCC Guidance on Parking at New Developments as set out in Appendix XXXX, ³⁰ (2020 and subsequent iterations) along with the accessibility of the site to services and sustainable travel infrastructure, and the type, mix and use of development.
	 Development for Rapid and Ultra Fast EV Charging facilities must: 4. Be delivered in accordance with the most up to date WSCC EV Charging Strategy. 5. Demonstrate the site is appropriately located to meet an identifiable need and/or locational gap in provision.
DPE5 – within Town and village Boundaries	Within Town and Village Centre Boundaries as defined on the Policies Map, development of 'main town centre uses', as defined by the NPPF, will be supported. , having regard to relevant Town Centre Masterplan SPDs. Support will also be given for:

DPH2-				
Sustainable development	The developer will need to satisfy the	e Council that:		
outside the built up area	 The proposal does not represent and Mid Sussex Design Guid 		elopment of the site with re	egard to Policy DPB1: Character and Design
DPH3 – Sustainable development inside the built up area	Any infilling and redevelopment will t	be required to der	nonstrate that it is of an ap	will be permitted within towns and villages. opropriate nature and scale with particular other policies within the development plan.
DPH4: Older Persons' Housing and Specialist	Delete the text below from policy wo Older Persons' Housing Need	rding:		
Accommodation	Over the Plan Period there is an estibedspaces ¹ . The need by type ident Accommodation Type and Tenure			gs with support or care and net 211 additional
	Housing with Support (retirement living or sheltered housing)	Market Affordable	801 15	
	Housing with Care (extra care)	Market Affordable	857 214	
	Residential Care Bedspaces	n/a	300	

¹ The figure of 211 bedspaces reflects the oversupply of 89 Nursing Care Bedspaces.

	Nursing Care Bedspaces	n/a	0 ²	
	Older Persons' housing need to 2038 (2021	SHMA)		_
	Add the text below in replacement of	f above:		
		persons' accom	modation and specialist	housing will be supported in accordance
	with the identified need.			
Supporting text to	Within the supporting text amend th	e wording of the fi	fth paragraph:	
DPH4		Ŭ		
	The housing need for Older People	and Specialist Ho	using Accommodation has	s been is established through the SHMA and is
	set out in the table below. The ider	ntified need is the	<u>e appropriate starting po</u>	int; however, should more recent evidence
	be produced during the Plan peri	<u>od, this should b</u>	e taken into consideratio	on.
				_
	Accommodation Type and Tenure		Need (units/	
			bedspaces)	
	Housing with Support	Market	801	
	(retirement living or sheltered housing)	Affordable	15	
	Housing with Care (<i>extra care</i>)	Market	857	
		Affordable	214	
	Residential Care Bedspaces	n/a	300	
	Nursing Care Bedspaces	n/a	0 ³	
	The provision of older persons' and	specialist accomm	nodation is provided []	
	The provision of older persons and			
DPH5 – Gypsies,	Delete the below text from Policy we	ording:		
Travellers and		-		

² The Council's 2021 SHMA shows that there is currently an oversupply of 89 Nursing Care Bedspaces in the district, therefore provision should be focussed on other forms of older persons' accommodation, unless latest evidence indicates otherwise.

³ The Council's 2021 SHMA shows that there is currently an oversupply of 89 Nursing Care Bedspaces in the district, therefore provision should be focussed on other forms of older persons' accommodation, unless latest evidence indicates otherwise.

Travelling				tion Assessment (2022) identifies a need for 4 net
Showpeople				ermanent pitches for Gypsies and Travellers who Il be met by the delivery of existing commitments ⁶ ,
	Gypsy and Traveller Provision			
	Gypsy and Traveller Pitch Provision	No longer travel	Still Travel	
	Minimum Permanent Pitch Requirement (2021 to 2038)	12	4	
	Commitments (as at 1 April 2021)	13	0	
	Total residual requirement	0	4	
Supprting text to	Travelling Showpeople in Mid Sussex dist Within the supporting text amend the wording	<u>rict.</u>		modation needs of Gypsies, Travellers and he first sentence:
DPH5	outside of the South Downs National Park	(SDNP). The m	ajority of the	raveller households in Mid Sussex district, identified need, outside the South Downs National orthern Arc strategic site allocation (now known as
				eed will be expected to be met by the Significant
DPH7 – Housing	Amend the policy wording to reflect the below	/:		
Mix		ousing) will be s		which meet the 20-minute neighbourhood principles, re it provide <u>s</u> a mix of dwelling types and sizes that

⁴-For Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople who meet, or considered may meet, the definition of a Gypsy and Traveller and Travelling Showperson for planning purposes, provided in Annex 1- PPTS (2015)

⁵-For Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople who do not meet the definition of a Gypsy and Traveller and Travelling Showperson for planning purposes, provided in Annex 1- PPTS (2015)

⁶-Commitments here relate to pitches with planning permission.

He	ousing Mix sp	blit (SHMA 2021)				
		1 bed / 2 person	-2 bed / 4 person	3 bed / 5 person	4+bed / 6 person	
	Market housing	5-10%	20-25%	40-45%	25-30%	
	Affordable Ownership	10-15%	50-55%	25-30%	5-10%	
	Affordable Rented	30-35%	40-45%	15-20%	5-10%	
		he above <u>identif</u> i	ied housing mix w	ill be considered w	here the Council is	s satisfied that:
[]	he above <u>identifi</u> modation types		ill be considered w	here the Council is	⊐ s satisfied that:
[Of To ac] o ther accom o meet the ic ccommodation	modation types dentified current a on types to be de ion of bungalows	and future needs of livered on new dev	different groups in elopments which a	the community, the re of an appropriat	s satisfied that: e Council will seek a range of te size, scale and location. This cou accordance with the Mid Sussex
[Of To ac ind De Th] other accom o meet the ic ccommodation iclude provis resign Guide hese types c	dentified current a dentified current a on types to be de sion of bungalows SPD. of accommodatior	and future needs of livered on new dev and other forms of n include that which	different groups in elopments which a suitable accommo	the community, the re of an appropriat dation . , where in	e Council will seek a range of te size, scale and location. This cou

		1 bed / 2 person	2 bed / 4 person	3 bed / 5 person	4+bed / 6 person	
	Market housing	5-10%	20-25%	40-45%	25-30%	
	Affordable Ownership	10-15%	50-55%	25-30%	5-10%	
	Affordable Rented	30-35%	40-45%	15-20%	5-10%	
DPH8: Affordable Housing	The policy seeks to above table provides a starting point for considering what sized dwellings will be appropriate in new developments, recognising that needs might change over the Plan period and that there might be certain types or models of accommodation that prescribe the mix. Should more recent evidence be produced during the Plan period, this should be taken into consideration.					
DPA8 – Orchards shopping centre	 Maximise active frontages in the design of any redevelopment of the site. Enhance car parking within the town centre through the provision of multi-storey and/or decked car parking, optimising the site's topography. and taking into account the design principles set out in the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD. Informed by a Heritage Impact Assessment, provide an appropriate layout and design which protects the setting of nearby Grade II* listed building 'St Wilfrids Church'. Take into account the 2021 Haywards Heath Town Centre Masterplan SPD and opportunities for The Orchards Shopping Centre (Chapter 5). 6					
DPA13 – Paddocks						

	 Undertake a LVIA to inform an appropriate layout, design and landscaping to conserve and enhance the High Weald AONB. Avoid the appearance of a car-dominated layout in the design of the development. in accordance with the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD. 						
DPI5 – Open	New and additional provision						
Space	The provision of new, improved and/or enhanced open space, leisure, sport and recreational facilities (including allotments) to support healthy lifestyles in accordance with the strategic aims of the Playing Pitch Study, and other relevant studies as they are published and/or updated, will be supported where it meets the requirements of other relevant development plan policies. The design of open space and public realm should accord with the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD. Sites for appropriate open space, leisure, sport and recreational facilities to meet local needs will be identified through Neighbourhood Plans or a Development Plan Document produced by the District Council.						
Supporting text to DPI5	Climbing centres <u>Climbing centres</u> <u>The provision of new, improved and/or enhanced open space, leisure, sport and recreational facilities (including allotments) to support healthy lifestyles in accordance with the strategic aims of the Playing Pitch Study, and other relevant studies as they are published and/or updated, will be supported where it meets the requirements of other relevant development plan policies. The design of open space and public realm should accord with the Mid Sussex Design Guide SPD. It is important to note that open space, leisure, sport and recreational facilities often form</u>						