

Self-build and Custom Build Statement

This form must be submitted with your planning application if your scheme is for self-build or custom build,

Please ensure that you refer to the [xxx](#) webpage to download the latest version of this form.

Introduction

Planning Practice Guidance sets out that when considering whether a home is a self-build or custom build home, relevant authorities must be satisfied that the initial owner of the home will have primary input into its final design and layout.

Self-build and custom housebuilding covers a wide spectrum, from projects where individuals are involved in building or managing the construction of their home from beginning to end, to projects where individuals commission their home, making key design and layout decisions, but the home is built ready for their occupation ('turnkey').

Off-plan housing, homes purchased at the plan stage prior to construction but without the buyers input into the design and layout, are not considered to meet the definition of self-build and custom housing.

Who should complete this form

All applicants proposing a self-build or custom build development should complete this form and include it when the planning application is submitted.

The reason for completing this form is to provide the Council with information for monitoring self-build and custom build or where an exemption from biodiversity net gain is being sought.

Further guidance

[Build your own home – Mid Sussex District Council](#)

[Planning Practice Guidance: Self-build and custom housebuilding](#)

Definitions of self-build and custom build

The [Self-build and Custom housebuilding Act 2015](#) (as amended by the Housing and Planning Act 2016) defines self-build and custom build as follows:

(A1) In this Act “self-build and custom housebuilding” means the building or completion by –

- (a) individuals,
- (b) associations of individuals, or
- (c) persons working with or for individuals or associations of individuals, of houses to be occupied as homes by those individuals.

(A2) But it does not include the building of a house on a plot acquired from a person who builds the house wholly or mainly to plans or specifications decided or offered by that person.

The [National Planning Policy Framework](#) (NPPF; December 2023) includes the following definition:

Self-build and custom-build housing

Housing built by an individual, a group of individuals, or persons working with or for them, to be occupied by that individual. Such housing can be either market or affordable housing. A legal definition, for the purpose of applying the Self-build and Custom Housebuilding Act 2015 (as amended), is contained in section 1(A1) and (A2) of that Act.

[NaCSBA’s Self Build Portal](#) provides the definitions below of self-build and custom build:

Self-build

Self-building typically occurs on a stand-alone plot, and involves someone sourcing and buying land, designing and commissioning their home. Rarely, some choose a traditional DIY route where you manage the design and construction process and undertake a fair proportion of the actual building work too. However, most people self-build by commissioning a developer to build to their design or by choosing a package route, also known as a system build or kit home. A turnkey home means that the commissioning process includes the complete build – you simply turn the key and start living in it at the end. You can follow a self-build route on a multi-plot site, depending on the development.

Custom build

Custom building is a way to commission your own home, but is always on a multi-plot site where your neighbours will be like-minded people who have also commissioned their home. This de-risks the process as the land is sourced, some form of planning permission obtained and the services are all in place. There are numerous routes but it can be quicker and simpler, as the process of finding land, securing planning permission and installing services have all been taken care of. Some multi-plot sites will give you the freedom to commission the home you want similar to self-building, some may come with designs and/or or developers pre-agreed. These sites use Design Codes and often Plot Passports to establish what can be built on each plot.

Date

Click or tap to enter a date.

1. Site location

Address

Click or tap here to enter text.

Description of the proposed development

Click or tap here to enter text.

2. Applicant details

Applicant name

Click or tap here to enter text.

Company name

Click or tap here to enter text.

Address

Click or tap here to enter text.

E-mail address

Click or tap here to enter text.

Telephone number

Click or tap here to enter text.

3. Agent details

Agent name

Click or tap here to enter text.

Company name

Click or tap here to enter text.

Address

Click or tap here to enter text.

E-mail address

Click or tap here to enter text.

Telephone number

Click or tap here to enter text.

4. Is your scheme self-build or custom build?

- Self-build
- Custom-build

5. How many self-build or custom build plots are there in the proposed development?

Number of self-build plots Click or tap here to enter text.

Number of custom build plots Click or tap here to enter text.

6. How does your scheme meet the definition of self-build or custom build?

In answering this question, you may want to address the various parts of the definition(s) and explain who will live in the dwelling and their involvement in the scheme. You may also want to include how much input you will have into the design and layout of the scheme.

Click or tap here to enter text.

7. As you have filled out this form saying that your scheme is self-build or custom build, we may need to amend the description of the planning application to say that it is for self-build or custom build.

Please tick this box to acknowledge this.