Home Energy Conservation Act 2023 Report

Review of spending period 01/04/2021 - 31/03/2023





Mid Sussex District Council

2. Type of Local Authority

District Council

3. Name, job title and email address of official submitting report

Headline and Overview

4.	Does your Local Authority have a current strategy on carbon reduction and	d/or
	energy efficiency for domestic properties?	



O No

5.	If yes, please provide a link.
	https://www.midsussex.gov.uk/environment-net-zero/sustainable-economy-strategy/
6.	If no, are you planning to develop one, and in what timeframe?
	Yes, within 1 year
	Yes, within 2 years
	Yes, within 3 years +
	No development plans
7.	In the last 2 years, what has been the cost (or estimated cost) of your energy efficiency and/or carbon reduction initiatives, schemes and services? Please consider the total cost of running and administering the scheme(s). Please input 0 if no schemes or initiatives has been implemented.
	The Warmer Homes programme was funded by LAD and HUG funding. MSDC is a member of a consortium of councils. The Warmer Homes consortium was awarded £15.6 million of LAD (Phase 3) funding and £16.2 million HUG (Phase 1 funding), resulting in a £31.8 million programme across the 21 Local Authority areas involved in the Warmer Homes consortium. The scheme was delivered at no cost to the Council other than officer time. Warmer Homes secured £41.4m further HUG funding for phase 2, running until 2025, and are currently delivering HUG2 on the council's behalf. Again the cost to this Council is officer time. The Solar Together scheme for 2022-23 was delivered by iChoosr and West Sussex County Council. MSDC incurred an initial cost of £6635 for letter mailout, but this cost was subsequently covered by WSCC using the

8. Which, if any, of the following outcomes have been achieved through your energy efficiency and/or carbon initiatives, schemes and services? Please select all that apply.

commission earned on previous successful solar panel installations in the scheme. Citizens Advice – a single point of contact (SPOC) service is promoted by MSDC. The service runs crosscounty. This is at no cost to MSDC and is currently funded by WSCC. ECO 4 is operating in West Sussex, administered by colleagues at Arun District Council and delivery partner the National Energy Foundation, no costs to MSDC. £10,517 commissioning consultants to complete a Heat

Decarbonisation Plan (HDP) for MSDC's main offices at Oaklands.

Energy savings
Carbon savings
Job creation
Increased business competitiveness
Alleviation of fuel poverty
Improved health outcomes
None of the above
Other
Consumer Advice and Information
9. Do you provide or promote any advisory services to consumers on how to save energy?
Yes
○ No
10. If yes, please select all that apply
Local Authority website
Local advisory service
'Find ways to save energy in your home' (formerly Simple Energy Advice) gov.uk website
'Find ways to save energy in your home' gov.uk phoneline
Leaflets
Social media

Local Energy Hubs
County-wide West Sussex Affordable Energy Website – maintained by the West Sussex Affordable Energy Partnership. www.westsussexenergy.co.uk
Local Retrofit Supply Chain
11. Have you conducted any assessment or analysis to understand the existing capacity in your local supply chain to support the decarbonisation of building by 2050?
Yes
○ No
12. If you answered yes, please summarise any specific bottlenecks (or provide a link if this information has been published).
Enter your answer
13. Which, if any, of the following actions are you taking to upskill and/or grow your local retrofit installer supply chain?
Supporting training provision at local training providers
Supporting FE colleges to improve facilities or train trainers or otherwise enable better delivery of retrofit
Providing installer networking opportunities or other business support for growing companies.
Careers advice or similar involving local businesses doing schools outreach to encourage young people into the sector.
None of the above
Other

14.	Do you provide advice for your residents and small businesses about how to pick an installer business or how to avoid being mis-sold inappropriate improvements?
	Yes
	○ No
15.	Has there been any Trading Standards activity against energy efficiency or home retrofit businesses in your area due to mis-selling or otherwise poorly advising consumers about retrofit measures?
	Yes – there has been action taken on a regular basis
	Yes – but rarely
	No – resourcing constraints have curtailed potential activity
	No – we are not aware of any issues
16.	If you received funding under Local Authority Delivery, Home Upgrade Grant or Social Housing Decarbonisation Fund, did availability of PAS 2030:2019 or MCS certified and TrustMark registered supply chain affect your ability to deliver?
	Yes
	○ No
17.	If you answered yes, please can you tell us which parts of the supply chain were particularly affected (please select all that apply)?
	Installers of insulation
	Installers of windows/doors
	Installers of heat pumps

Retrofit assessors
Retrofit coordinators
All of the above
Other
18. If you answered yes to question 16 please can you tell us, what actions did you take to overcome those barriers (please select all that apply)?
Marketing to drive supply chain interest
Use of frameworks or a local DPS to reach more businesses
Supporting training and upskilling more generally
Using a main contractor and requiring them to source suitably certified supply chain (either through contracting or training up their own staff)
Delivering in-house e.g. by upskilling existing social housing maintenance teams, directly employing retrofit coordinators etc
Other
Social Housing Decarbonisation
19. Did you apply to the Social Housing Decarbonisation Fund (SHDF) Wave 2.1?
Yes, and successful in securing funding
Yes, and not successful in securing funding
No
On't know

Please select all that apply.
Financial support for retrofit
Technical support for retrofit
Tenant needs
Expectations of future energy performance regulations
Other
21. Which, if any, of the following barriers prevented you from applying to SHDF Wave 2.1?
Application window too short
Too much information needed at application
✓ Don't own enough stock
Not enough capability
Too Costly
Retrofit work is not a priority
Not enough information
Don't know
MSDC own a very small social housing stock for temporary housing to assist in discharging our homelessness duties. We are not a social housing provider.

22. Have you carried out/planned to carry out any retrofit work in absence of SHDF funding?

Yes
○ No
On't know
23. If yes, how is this funded/how would this be funded?
Internal funding
Funding from other Government schemes
Don't know
Other
24. If no, what is/are the main reason(s) for not planning to carry out any retrofit work? Please select all that apply.
Lack of funding
✓ Lack of internal resource
✓ Lack of capacity
Lack of technical support
Retrofit work is not a priority
Don't know
Other
25. How many of your social housing partners are you aware applied for the SHDF?

Unknown

Domestic Private Rented Sector (PRS) Minimum Energy Efficiency Standards (MEES) Regulations

26.	Do you enforce the PRS MEES Regulations in domestic tenancies
	○ Yes
	○ No
27.	Do you use the PRS MEES Exemption Register?
	Yes
	○ No
28.	Are you aware of the PRS MEES draft toolkit for supporting local authorities?
	Yes, and I've used it
	Yes, but I haven't used it
	No
29.	In the past 2 years, how many domestic private rented properties have you engaged with in respect to enforcement of the PRS MEES Regulations?
	Please enter the amount /estimated amount.
	2
30.	In the past 2 years, how many domestic private rented properties have you found to be non-compliant?
	Please enter the amount /estimated amount.

31.	In the last 2 years, how many non-compliant properties have been improved to EPC Band E after you have engaged with them?
	Please enter the amount /estimated amount.
	0
32.	How many compliance notices have you issued in the past 2 years for non-compliance of the PRS MEES Regulations?
	Please enter the amount /estimated amount.
	0
33.	What programmes, if any, do you have to promote domestic energy efficiency improvements for those who are able to pay? Please provide links to any relevant online materials. The Solar Together scheme, administered by WSCC, leverages bulk buying power to offer discounts for the able-to-pay sector. We provide advice on our website.
	https://www.midsussex.gov.uk/environment-net-zero/a-net-zero-home/ We signpost to the West Sussex Energy Advice page: https://westsussexenergy.co.uk/ This details various grants, including the Boiler Upgrade Scheme, which provides discounts on heat pumps.
34.	Do you take any steps to raise awareness of the availability of private financing options (such as green mortgages) to fund retrofit works?
	Yes
	Yes No, but we have plans to do this in the future

35. If yes, please include links to any relevant online materials.			
	Enter your answer		
36.	Do you refer homeowners interested in energy efficiency to retail lenders offering green finance products?		
	Yes		
	No, but we have plans to do this in the future		
	○ No		
F	uel Poverty		
37. Does your Local Authority have a Fuel Poverty Strategy?			
	○ No		
38.	How do you identify fuel poor households? Please select all that apply and provide additional information if possible.		
	Used local data sets on energy efficiency/housing		
	Used local data sets on household income		
	Campaigns to encourage potential households to reach out		
	Referrals from other frontline organisations. These links and key contacts are established to delivering externally funded Fuel Poverty awareness training for frontline staff. Training delivered by Citizens Advice and promoted through the West Sussex Affordable Energy Partnership and website.	-	

39.	What actions are you taking to reduce fuel poverty in your area? Please select all that apply and provide additional information if possible.		
	~	Delivery of government wide schemes such as the Home Upgrade Grant or Social Housing Decarbonisation Fund.	
	~	Actions to increase financial support to low income or vulnerable	
	$[\checkmark]$	The Affordable Energy Partnership work with community partners to deliver and promote the variety of home energy and energy saving schemes to residents and frontline workers. The Affordable Energy Partnership fund and the West Sussex Emergency Heater scheme for low-income households with a broken heating system. (Loan of 2 oil filled radiators until the heating is fixed or replaced). Energy saving/keeping warm training available for vulnerable hard to reach communities/residents – funded and delivered by community partners. MSDC offer financial support, including via the Household Support fund on our website: https://www.midsussex.gov.uk/cost-of-living-support/	
40.		es fuel poverty interlink with your local authority's overall Carbon Reduction tegy?	
		Yes	
	\bigcirc	No	

41. If yes, please can you explain how it does this?

MSDC's Sustainable Economy Strategy (SES) contains objectives and actions relating to improving energy efficiency (Objective 13). This includes participating in schemes to use green home grants and improving the energy efficiency of the district's least efficient homes. Fuel poverty and carbon reduction are inextricably combined under these actions. Further, as set out in Fuel Poverty strategy outlined above, 'Key Areas for Action Section 5. CARBON REDUCTION' states: "Work with colleagues and partners to support work to reduce carbon emissions from our domestic homes, increase the uptake of low carbon heating measures and improve the energy performance of the worst performing homes across our District. Using these opportunities to upskill our local workforce and engage with schemes that promote the use of local contractors and organisations where possible. We will work with partners at District and County level to support and enhance their work to raise awareness, mitigate and to adapt to climate change, whilst ensuring those on the lowest incomes are not left behind and are not disproportionally affected by any price increase or new low carbon technologies".

42. If no, is this something you might consider doing or are there barriers to doing this?
Enter your answer
Local Authority Delivery
43. If your local authority did <u>not</u> apply for funding from the Local Authority Delivery scheme, please indicate which barrier(s) prevented you from applying.
lack of capacity
lack of capability
lack of awareness
MSDC is in a consortium of partners across the South of England which bids for funding such as HUG and LAD on behalf of its members, and administers the scheme. The Programme ran a successful LAD3 scheme.
44. Does your local authority have access to good quality housing data for on-gas properties?
Yes
○ No
45. If no, please specify what is lacking.
Enter your answer
Home Upgrade Grant

46. If your local authority did not apply for funding from the Home Upgrade Grant, please indicate which barrier(s) prevented you from applying.

lack of capacity
lack of capability
lack of awareness
MSDC is in a consortium of partners across the South of England which bids for funding such as HUG and LAD on behalf of its members, and administers the scheme. The Programme ran a HUG1 scheme, and is currently running a HUG2 scheme, running from 2023-2025.
47. Does your local authority have access to good quality housing data for off-gas properties?Yes
○ No
48. If no, please specify what is lacking Enter your answer
The Energy Company Obligation (ECO)
49. Did your local authority have a published Statement of Intent (SoI) for ECO flexibility eligibility under ECO3, during 2022?
Yes
○ No
50. Please answer the following questions to help us to understand LA Flex delivery

How many declarations were issued for low-income vulnerable households

in more detail during the course of 2022:

	during ECO3?
	30
51.	How many declarations were issued for Fuel Poor households under ECO3?
	36
52.	How many declarations were issued for in-fill under ECO3?
53.	What was the highest income cap published in your Sol? £46,155 annual (£3846 monthly)
54.	Income thresholds had been defined to take into account the higher living costs in West Sussex. ONS data on average income levels across West Sussex has been analysed. An income threshold of 80% of the West Sussex mean income was considered a tailored and appropriate proxy, in conjunction with the other eligibility criteria, for identifying a low-income household in West Sussex
55.	Did you charge for declarations to be signed? Yes
	○ No

56. If so, please state how much and how you decided on this figure.

57.	ECO4 commenced in July 2022, has your local authority published a Statement of Intent (SoI) for ECO flexibility eligibility under ECO4?
	Yes
	○ No
58.	If 'No' are there any specific barriers preventing you, from publishing and participating in the scheme?
	Enter your answer
59.	Do you directly engage with energy suppliers either for ECO Flex or other domestic energy efficiency schemes?
	Yes
	No
60.	If yes, please provide the name of the scheme and indicate whether this is an LA, Supplier, DESNZ or other organisational run scheme (please specify)
	Enter your answer
61.	Which route(s) do you envisage submitting referrals through under ECO4 Flex? Select all that apply
	All four routes available
	Route 1
	Route 2

	Route 3
	Route 4
Sı	mart Metering
62.	The following questions refer to smart metering advice. Please provide any additional details where possible.
	Do you provide smart metering advice when implementing energy efficiency improvements (including through grant schemes such as the Energy Company Obligation and the Home Upgrade Grant) in residential accommodation?
	Yes
	No
63.	If no, please explain why not, and what plans will be put in place to implement this.
	Installation work under ECO and HUG is carried out by third party contractors, who have their own processes.
64.	Do you encourage landlords to promote smart meter uptake, e.g., landlord licencing schemes.
	Yes
	No
65.	If no, please explain why not, and what plans will be put in place to implement this

We don't have any plans for the promotion of smart meters as our direct involvement is in licensing HMOs and provision of such devices is not a mandatory licence requirement. In HMOs

such a device may not be appropriate or technically possible when a single landlord supply is provided and where no individual metering is undertaken.

In single household rented accommodation the issues we experience, mainly damp and mould, will not be resolved by the installation of a smart meter. Most concerns raised by residents are about maintaining adequate indoor temperatures because of a combination of increased unit costs, lower than desired EPC rating and property disrepair.

66.	Do you arrange for smart meters to be installed by energy suppliers in vacant social housing premises?
	Yes
	No

67. If no, please explain why not, and what plans will be put in place to implement this.

The Council is not a social housing provider and therefore does not hold any social housing. However, we are installing smart meters in all temporary accommodation units acquired by the Council.



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